I. Racial Inequality
    A. Race in U.S.
        1. No Racism: "Color-blind" society
            a. race is no longer a factor in the U.S.
                i. slavery ended 150 years ago
                ii. civil rights movement
            b. AA President
            c. "model" minority
            d. U.S. Supreme Court
                i. Affirmative Action is unconstitutional
                Thomas: same as Jim Crow Laws
                ii. Voting Rights Act of 1965 Sec 4 and 5
                based on "facts having no logical relation to the present day"
        2. Surveys: White Americans
            a. Black Americans equal opportunity
            b. Black children equal educational opportunity
            c. BA, NA, H: success/failure is their fault
            d. Affirmative Action discriminates against WA
        3. Surveys of Black Americans
        4. Sociologist from another planet
    B. Sociological Perspective and race.
        1. Race as a socially constructed category
        2. Race matters/U.S. not a color blind society
    C. Social Construction of Race
        1. Colonialism
            a. conquest
                i. Spanish: Requirement of 1512
                ii. Puritans: heathens and savages
                iii. Americans: Savages vs Anglo-Saxon Race
            b. race scientists: craniometry
        2. racial theory: biological determinism
            a. shared physical characteristics
            b. transferred from generation to generation
            c. other traits
                i. intelligence
                ii. morals
                iii. hard work
            d. superior and inferior races
        3. Biological determinism justified:

a. colonialism: "White Man's Burden"
b. slavery
c. Manifest destiny
d. segregation
    i. Dredd Scott: "beings of an inferior order"
    ii. Plessy v Ferguson "separate but equal"
    iii. miscegenation laws
e. Indian Schools (Total Institutions)
    i. Australia (Rabbit Proof Fence)
    ii. U.S.
f. eugenics (U.S. 1920s)
    i. perfect race: White/ vs inferior "feeble minded"
    ii. 30 states/internment/forced sterilization
    iii. Nazi Germany
g. genocide
    i. definition
    ii. Jewish Question
    iii. Holocaust
h. immigration laws
    i. Chinese Exclusion Act
    ii. National Origins Act
i. white riots
    i. Civil War draft riots
    ii. Tulsa, Chicago
    iii. Zoot Suit Riots
j. "white flight"
    i. "homogenous groups"
    ii. redlining
k. military

4. genetic science and race: race not a scientific/empirical category
    a. recent genetic studies:
        i. no genetic marker for race
        ii. 95-99% of all genetic material
    b. no race/monogenesis

D. Race still matters in America: Institutionalized racism
1. income/wealth
    a. income: approx 60%
    b. wealth: 10%
    c. poverty: 3x
2. economic system: jobs

    a. job segregation
    b. deindustrialization
    c. unemployment: 2x
3. education
    a. schools are segregated
    b. funding
4. housing
    a. denied loans
    b. sub-prime loans
    c. steering
5. health care
    a. without health care
    b. inferior health care
    c. green screens
6. health
    a. infant mortality
    b. disease
    c. hunger
    d. lower life expectancy
7. environment ("environmental racism")
    a. location of commercial hazardous waste sites (including hospital)
    b. location of uncontrolled/illegal toxic waste sites
    c. location of 5 out 6 of the areas with the worst industrial pollution
    d. pesticides and migrant workers
    e. nuclear dumping and military waste: Anniston, AL, Navajo Nation
8. Environmental racism: consequences
    a. Blacks die of asthma at 3x the rate of whites
    b. Higher rates of environmental caused cancers
    c. Lead poisoning is
        i. 70% minority
        ii. 37% of black urban preschoolers
    d. rural cancer clusters: Cancer corridor
    e. Native Americans: mining uranium for Cold War
        i. Navajo 1 in 5 cancer of lungs
        ii. Shiprock 133 of 150 dead or ill from radiation
    f. nuclear testing and Native Americans
9. Criminal justice system
    a. drugs: 13%/35%/54%/74%
    b. juveniles
    c. sentencing: 50% longer